

Name: _____ Date: _____

In the Earliest Cities

Q1. How Dholavira was different from Harappan cities?

Ans. _____

Q2. How do archaeologists know that cloth was used in Harappan civilization?

Ans. _____

Q3. Discuss the farming methods of the Harappans.

Ans. _____

Q4. Write about crafts practiced by Harappan.

Ans. _____

In the Earliest Cities

Q1. How Dholavira was different from Harappan cities?

Ans. Unlike some of the other Harappan cities, which were divided into two parts, Dholavira was divided into three parts, and each part was surrounded with massive stone walls, with entrances through gateways.

Q2. How do archaeologists know that cloth was used in Harappan civilization?

Ans. Actual pieces of cloth were found attached to the lid of a silver vase and some copper objects at Mohenjodaro. Archaeologists have also found spindle whorls, made of terracotta and faience. These were used to spin thread.

Q3. Discuss the farming methods of the Harappans.

Ans. Plough was used to dig the earth for turning the soil and planting seeds. As this region does not receive heavy rainfall, some form of irrigation may have been used. This means that water was stored and supplied to the fields when the plants were growing.

Q4. Write about crafts practiced by Harappan.

Ans. Most of the things that have been found by archaeologists are made of stone, shell and metal, including copper, bronze, gold and silver. Copper and bronze were used to make tools, weapons, ornaments and vessels. Gold and silver were used to make ornaments and vessels.