

Name: _____ Date: _____

Urban Livelihoods

Q1. How street vending was looked upon recently?

Ans. _____

Q2. What was found in a survey of Ahmedabad city?

Ans. _____

Q3. Why foreign companies set up their call centres India?

Ans. _____

Q4. Name some big cities that have more than a million people living and working there.

Ans. _____

Q5. Why do you think small workshops and factories employ casual workers?

Ans. _____

Q6. Who are casual workers?

Ans. _____

Urban Livelihoods

Q1. How street vending was looked upon recently?

Ans. Street vending was till recently looked upon only as an obstruction to traffic and to people walking.

Q2. What was found in a survey of Ahmedabad city?

Ans. In a survey of Ahmedabad city it was found that 12 per cent of all the workers in the city were people working on the street.

Q3. Why foreign companies set up their call centres in India?

Ans. Foreign companies set up Call Centres in India as they can get people who can speak English and will work for lower wages.

Q4. Name some big cities that have more than a million people living and working there.

Ans. Big cities like Chennai, Mumbai, Delhi, Kolkata etc. have more than a million people living and working there.

Q5. Why do you think small workshops and factories employ casual workers?

Ans. Small workshops and factories employ casual workers because they get large orders only during certain seasons.

Q6. Who are casual workers?

Ans. Casual workers are not part of the permanent workforce, but supply services on an irregular or flexible basis, often to meet a fluctuating demand for work.