

Name: _____ Date: _____

Rural Livelihoods

Q1. What do you think the government can do to help farmers like Sekar when they get into debt? Discuss.

Ans. _____

Q2. Why does Sekar not go to the town market to get a better price for his paddy?

Ans. _____

Q3. Write a short note on people of Chizami.

Ans. _____



Rural Livelihoods

Q1. What do you think the government can do to help farmers like Sekar when they get into debt? Discuss.

Ans. Government can take the following steps:

1. Provide low rate loan to the farmer so, that they can buy equipment for farming.
2. Provide seeds and fertilizers on subsidized rate.
3. Provide loan assistance to the farmers.

Q2. Why does Sekar not go to the town market to get a better price for his paddy?

Ans. Sekar probably gets 60 bags of paddy from his field. Some of this he is forced to sell to trader who gave him seeds and fertilizers as loan at a somewhat lower price than what he would get in the market. The rest is used in his home. He does not have a surplus. That's why Sekar does not go to the town market to get a better price for his paddy.

Q3. Write a short note on people of Chizami.

Ans. Chizami village is in Phek district in Nagaland. The people of this village belong to the Chakhesang community. They do 'terrace' cultivation. The people of Chizami have their own individual fields. But, they also work collectively in each other's fields. They form groups of six or eight and take an entire mountainside to clean the weeds on it. Each group eats together once their work for the day is over.