

Name: _____ Date: _____

Physical Features of India

Q1. Differentiate between western and eastern coastal plains.

Ans.

Q2. Write a short note on Coastal Plains.

Ans.

Physical Features of India

Q1. Differentiate between western and eastern coastal plains.

Ans. Difference between western and eastern coastal plains

Western Coastal Plains	Eastern Coastal Plains
1. The western coastal plain lies between the Western Ghats and the Arabian Sea.	1. The eastern coastal plain lies between the Eastern Ghats and the Bay of Bengal.
2. It consists of three sections. The northern part of the coast is called the Konkan (Mumbai – Goa), the central stretch is called the Kannad Plain while the southern stretch is referred to as the Malabar coast.	2. It consists of two sections. In the northern part, it is referred to as the Northern Circar, while the southern part is known as the Coromandel Coast.
3. This coastal plain is narrow.	3. This coastal plain is wide.

Q2. Write a short note on Coastal Plains.

Ans. Coastal Plains

- i. The Peninsular plateau is flanked by stretch of narrow coastal strips, running along the Arabian Sea on the west and the Bay of Bengal on the east.
- ii. The western coast, sandwiched between the Western Ghats and the Arabian Sea, is a narrow plain. It consists of three sections. The northern part of the coast is called the Konkan (Mumbai – Goa), the central stretch is called the Kannad Plain while the southern stretch is referred to as the Malabar coast.
- iii. The plains along the Bay of Bengal are wide and level. In the northern part, it is referred to as the Northern Circar, while the southern part is known as the Coromandel Coast. Large rivers such as the Mahanadi, the Godavari, the Krishna and the Kaveri have formed extensive delta on this coast. Lake Chilika is an important feature along the eastern coast.