

Name: _____ Date: _____

Physical Features of India

Q1. Which range of Himalayas lies between Himadri and Shiwaliks?

Ans. _____

Q2. How long are east-west distances covered by the Himalayas?

Ans. _____

Q3. In which state Garo, Khasi and Jaintia hills are located?

Ans. _____

Q4. What is the width of bhabar?

Ans. _____

Q5. Which is the highest peak of the Western Ghats?

Ans. _____

Q6. Name the plateau that lies between the Aravali and the Vindhya ranges.

Ans. _____

Q7. Name the mountain range which bounds Central Highlands on the northwest.

Ans. _____

Q8. Give the name of the southern half of the Eastern Coastal strip of India.

Ans. _____

Q9. Name the part of the Himalaya lying between Kali and Tista rivers.

Ans. _____

Physical Features of India

Q1. Which range of Himalayas lies between Himadri and Shiwaliks?

Ans. Himachal or lesser Himalaya

Q2. How long are east-west distances covered by the Himalayas?

Ans. 2400 km

Q3. In which state Garo, Khasi and Jaintia hills are located?

Ans. Meghalaya

Q4. What is the width of bhabar?

Ans. 8 to 16 km

Q5. Which is the highest peak of the Western Ghats?

Ans. Anai Mudi (2,695metres)

Q6. Name the plateau that lies between the Aravali and the Vindhya ranges.

Ans. Malwa Plateau

Q7. Name the mountain range which bounds Central Highlands on the northwest.

Ans. The Aravali Hills

Q8. Give the name of the southern half of the Eastern Coastal strip of India.

Ans. Coromandel Coast

Q9. Name the part of the Himalaya lying between Kali and Tista rivers.

Ans. The Nepal Himalayas lies between the Kali and Tista rivers.