

Name	e: Date:
<u>Judic</u>	<u>iary</u>
Q1. Ans.	What are the different branches of the legal system?
Q2. Ans.	What do you understand by law?
Q3. Ans.	What does judiciary mean?
Q4. Ans.	What is the appellate system?
Q5. Ans.	How is the work of the judiciary categorized?
Q6. Ans.	In what ways is the Supreme Court, the guardian of Fundamental Rights



<u>Judiciary</u>

- Q1. What are the different branches of the legal system?
- Ans. The legal system in India is divided into two branches: Criminal Law and Civil Law.
- Q2. What do you understand by law?
- Ans. Law is a system of rules that are created and enforced through social or governmental institutions to regulate behavior.
- Q3. What does judiciary mean?
- Ans. The judiciary is the branch of authority in a country which is concerned with law and the legal system.
- Q4. What is the appellate system?
- Ans. This means that a person can appeal to a higher court if they believe that the judgment passed by the lower court is not just.
- Q5. How is the work of the judiciary categorized?
- Ans. The work that the judiciary does can be divided into the following:
 - i. Dispute Resolution
 - ii. Judicial Review
 - iii. Upholding the Law and Enforcing Fundamental Rights
- Q6. In what ways is the Supreme Court, the guardian of Fundamental Rights?

 Ans. Supreme Court acts as a guardian of fundamental rights as it ensures that people are able to practice their rights in the required manner. Every citizen of India can approach the Supreme Court or the High Court if they believe that their Fundamental Rights have been violated.