

Name	e: Date:
The N	Making of the National Movement 1870s-1947
Q1. Ans.	What was the Swadeshi Movement known as in deltaic Andhra?
Q2. Ans.	Name the three leading members of radical group.
Q3. Ans.	Who raised the slogan "Freedom is my birthright and I shall have it!"?
Q4. Ans.	Who were the leaders of Khilafat Movement?
Q5.	What does 'Punjab wrongs' refer to?
Ans.	With was Childre Danier Dani
Q6. Ans.	Who was Chitta Ranjan Das?
Q7. Ans.	What does 'Punjab wrong' refer to?



## The Making of the National Movement 1870s-1947

- Q1. What was the Swadeshi Movement known as in deltaic Andhra?
- Ans. It was known as the Vandemataram Movement in deltaic Andhra.
- Q2. Name the three leading members of radical group.
- Ans. Bepin Chandra Pal, Bal Gangadhar Tilak and Lala Lajpat Rai
- Q3. Who raised the slogan "Freedom is my birthright and I shall have it!"?
- Ans. Tilak raised the slogan, "Freedom is my birthright and I shall have it!"
- Q4. Who were the leaders of Khilafat Movement?
- Ans. The leaders of the Khilafat agitation were Mohammad Ali and Shaukat Ali.
- Q5. What does 'Punjab wrongs' refer to?
- Ans. It refers to Jallianwala massacre that occurred in Amritsar on Baisakhi day (13 April, 1919).
- Q6. Who was Chitta Ranjan Das?
- Ans. Chitta Ranjan Das was a lawyer from East Bengal. He was especially active in the Non- Cooperation Movement.
- Q7. What does 'Punjab wrong' refer to?
- Ans. Bhagat Singh was a revolutionary nationalist. His slogan was "Inquilab Zindabad!"