Educati n

Name: _____ Date: _____

The Changing World of Visual Arts

Q1. Fill in the blanks.

- i. The art form which observed carefully and tried to capture exactly what the eye saw is called .
- ii. The style of painting which showed Indian landscape as a quaint, unexplored land is called ______.
- iii. Paintings which showed the social lives of Europeans in India are called
- iv. Paintings which depicted scenes from British imperial history and their victories are called ______

Q2. Point out which of the following were brought in with British art: (a) oil painting (b) miniatures (c) life-size portrait painting (d) use of perspective (e) mural art

Ans._____

Q3. Name the title of the book written by kakuzo. What was it famous for? Ans._____

Q4. What were the three categories of Imperial Art?

Ans. ____

Q5. Define Gothic with example.

Ans. _____

Visit <u>https://educationwithfun.com/</u> for more free contents & worksheets for all grades and subjects.

Educati n

The Changing World of Visual Arts

Q1. Fill in the blanks.

- i. The art form which observed carefully and tried to capture exactly what the eye saw is called <u>portraiture</u>.
- ii. The style of painting which showed Indian landscape as a quaint, unexplored land is called <u>picturesque</u>.
- iii. Paintings which showed the social lives of Europeans in India are called <u>Kalighat painting</u>.
- iv. Paintings which depicted scenes from British imperial history and their victories are called <u>history painting</u>.

Q2. Point out which of the following were brought in with British art: (a) oil painting (b) miniatures (c) life-size portrait painting (d) use of perspective (e) mural art

Ans. (a) oil painting (c) life-size portrait painting and (d) use of perspective

Q3. Name the title of the book written by kakuzo. What was it famous for? Ans In 1904, Okakura Kakuzo published a book in Japan called The Ideals of the

East. This book is famous for its opening lines: "Asia is one."

Q4. What were the three categories of Imperial Art?

Ans. The Imperial Art was prevalent in India during the British colonial rule can be classified into three categories: - Landscape Painting, Portrait Painting and History Painting.

Q5. Define Gothic with example.

Ans. The pointed arches in the buildings and the elongated structures are typical of a style known as Gothic. The new buildings that came up in the midnineteenth century in Bombay were mostly in this style.