

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Colonialism and the City

Q1. Why Viceroy Lytton organized durbar in 1877?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Q2. What were called havelis?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Q3. When was Lahore Gate improvement scheme planned? Who devised it?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Q4. What was the main idea behind the 'Lahore Gate Improvement Scheme'?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Q5. Mention the cities that were deurbanized during the nineteenth century.

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Q6. Why did the British remove the marks of Mughal beauty and glory in Delhi after the 1857 war?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

## Colonialism and the City

Q1. Why Viceroy Lytton organized durbar in 1877?

Ans. In 1877, Viceroy Lytton organized a Durbar to acknowledge Queen Victoria as the Empress of India.

Q2. What were called havelis?

Ans. The Mughal aristocracy in the seventeenth and eighteenth centuries lived in grand mansions called havelis.

Q3. When was Lahore Gate improvement scheme planned? Who devised it?

Ans. In 1888 an extension scheme called the Lahore Gate Improvement Scheme was planned by Robert Clarke for the Walled City residents.

Q4. What was the main idea behind the 'Lahore Gate Improvement Scheme'?

Ans. The idea was to draw residents away from the Old City to a new type of market square, around which shops would be built.

Q5. Mention the cities that were deurbanized during the nineteenth century.

Ans. Cities such as Machlipatnam, Surat and Seringapatam were deurbanized during the nineteenth century.

Q6. Why did the British remove the marks of Mughal beauty and glory in Delhi after the 1857 war?

Ans. The British removed the marks of Mughal beauty and glory in Delhi after the 1857 war because they wanted Delhi to forget its Mughal past.