

Name: _____ Date: _____

Coal and Petroleum

Q1. How can petrol be used?

Ans. _____

Q2. Can coal, petroleum and natural gas be prepared in the laboratory from dead organisms?

Ans. _____

Q3. Name two places in India where petroleum is found.

Ans. _____

Q4. What are the products obtained on refining petroleum?

Ans. _____

Q5. Why are coal and petroleum called fossil fuels?

Ans. _____

Q6. Name some places in India where natural gas has been found.

Ans. _____

Q7. How were fossils formed? Name two fossil fuels.

Ans. _____

Coal and Petroleum

Q1. How can petrol be used?

Ans. Petrol can be used as a motor fuel, aviation fuel and as solvent for dry cleaning.

Q2. Can coal, petroleum and natural gas be prepared in the laboratory from dead organisms?

Ans. No. Their formation is a very slow process and conditions for their formation cannot be created in the laboratory.

Q3. Name two places in India where petroleum is found.

Ans. In India, oil is found in Assam, Gujarat, Mumbai High and in the river basins of Godavari and Krishna.

Q4. What are the products obtained on refining petroleum?

Ans. Petroleum gas, petrol, diesel, kerosene, paraffin wax, lubricating oil are obtained by refining petroleum.

Q5. Why are coal and petroleum called fossil fuels?

Ans. Coal and petroleum are called fossil fuels because it required the dead organisms millions of years to get converted into these fuels.

Q6. Name some places in India where natural gas has been found.

Ans. In India, natural gas is found in Tripura, Rajasthan, Maharashtra and in the Krishna Godavari delta.

Q7. How were fossils formed? Name two fossil fuels.

Ans. Fossil fuels were formed from the dead remains of living organisms millions of years ago. Coal, petroleum and natural gas are fossil fuels.