

Name: _____ Date: _____

From Trade to Territory

Q1. What did it mean to be nawabs?

Ans. _____

Q2. What was the result of the second Anglo-Maratha war?

Ans. _____

Q3. Why the company had to buy most of the goods in India with gold and silver imported from Britain?

Ans. _____

Q4. Who was Rayanna? How did meet his end?

Ans. _____

Q5. How did the appointment of residents in Indian states help the company?

Ans. _____

From Trade to Territory

Q1. What did it mean to be nawabs?

Ans. It meant of course that the Company acquired more power and authority. But it also meant something else. Each company servant began to have visions of living like nawabs.

Q2. What was the result of the second Anglo-Maratha war?

Ans. The Second Anglo- Maratha War (1803-05) was fought on different fronts, resulting in the British gaining Orissa and the territories north of the Yamuna river including Agra and Delhi.

Q3. Why the company had to buy most of the goods in India with gold and silver imported from Britain?

Ans. The company had to buy most of the goods in India with gold and silver imported from Britain because at that time Britain had no goods to sell in India.

Q4. Who was Rayanna? How did meet his end?

Ans. Rayanna, a poor chowkidar of Sangoli in Kitoor, carried on the resistance. With popular support he destroyed many British camps and records. He was caught and hanged by the British in 1830.

Q5. How did the appointment of residents in Indian states help the company?

Ans. Through the Residents, the Company officials began interfering in the internal affairs of Indian states. They tried to decide who was to be the successor to the throne, and who was to be appointed in administrative posts.