

Name: _____ Date: _____

Land, Soil, Water, Natural Vegetation and Wildlife Resources

Q1. What is national park?

Ans. _____

Q2. How is soil formed?

Ans. _____

Q3. What is weathering?

Ans. _____

Q4. Why are plains and river valleys densely populated?

Ans. _____

Q5. Why Ganga Brahmaputra plain of India is an over populated region?

Ans. _____

Q6. What are the different types of soil found in India?

Ans. _____

Land, Soil, Water, Natural Vegetation and Wildlife Resources

Q1. What is national park?

Ans. National park is a natural area designated to protect the ecological integrity of one or more ecosystems for present and future generations.

Q2. How is soil formed?

Ans. Soil is made up of organic matter, minerals and weathered rocks found on the earth. This happens through the process of weathering.

Q3. What is weathering?

Ans. Weathering is the breaking up and decay of exposed rocks, by temperature changes, frost action, plants, animals and man.

Q4. Why are plains and river valleys densely populated?

Ans. Plains and river valleys offer suitable land for agriculture. Hence, these are the densely populated areas of the world.

Q5. Why Ganga Brahmaputra plain of India is an over populated region?

Ans. Ganga Brahmaputra plain of India is an over populated region because it has even topography and highly fertile soil.

Q6. What are the different types of soil found in India?

Ans. Different types of soil found in India are alluvial, black, red, laterite, desertic and mountain soil.