

Name: _____ Date: _____

Devotional Paths to the Divine

Q1. Who were the followers of Baba Guru Nanak?

Ans. _____

Q2. Who was Jalaluddin Rumi?

Ans. _____

Q3. Who initiated Virashaiva movement?

Ans. _____

Q4. Name the compositions of Surdas which express his devotion?

Ans. _____

Q5. Why did the Mughal emperor Jahangir order the execution of Guru Aijan in 1606?

Ans. _____

Q6. What did the terms 'nam', 'dan' and 'isnan' mean?

Ans. _____

Devotional Paths to the Divine

Q1. Who were the followers of Baba Guru Nanak?

Ans. His followers belonged to a number of castes but traders, agriculturists, artisans and craftsmen predominated.

Q2. Who was Jalaluddin Rumi?

Ans. Jalaluddin Rumi was a great thirteenth-century Sufi poet from Iran who wrote in Persian.

Q3. Who initiated Virashaiva movement?

Ans. Virashaiva movement was initiated by Basavanna and his companions like Allama Prabhu and Akkamahadevi.

Q4. Name the compositions of Surdas which express his devotion?

Ans. Surdas was an ardent devotee of Krishna. His compositions, compiled in the Sursagara, Surasaravali and Sahitya Lahari, express his devotion.

Q5. Why did the Mughal emperor Jahangir order the execution of Guru Arjan in 1606?

Ans. The Mughal emperor Jahangir looked upon them as a potential threat and he ordered the execution of Guru Arjan in 1606.

Q6. What did the terms 'nam', 'dan' and 'isnan' mean?

Ans. Guru Nanak used the terms nam, dan and isnan for the essence of his teaching, which actually meant right worship, welfare of others and purity of conduct.