

Name: \_\_\_\_\_ Date: \_\_\_\_\_

Fibre to Fabric

Q1. Why shearing does not hurt the sheep?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Q2. What is scouring?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Q3. Where does angora wool come from?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Q4. What is silk route?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Q5. What do sheep feed on?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

Q6. Where rearing and breeding of sheep is popular in India?

Ans. \_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_  
\_\_\_\_\_

## Fibre to Fabric

Q1. Why shearing does not hurt the sheep?

Ans. Shearing does not hurt the sheep because the uppermost layer of the skin is dead. Also, the hair of sheep grow again just as our hair does.

Q2. What is scouring?

Ans. The sheared skin with hair is thoroughly washed in tanks to remove grease, dust and dirt. This is called scouring.

Q3. Where does angora wool come from?

Ans. Angora wool is obtained from angora goats, found in hilly regions such as Jammu and Kashmir.

Q4. What is silk route?

Ans. Traders and travellers introduced silk to other countries. The route they travelled is still called the 'silk route'.

Q5. What do sheep feed on?

Ans. Sheep are herbivores and prefer grass and leaves. Apart from grazing sheep, rearers also feed them on a mixture of pulses, corn, jowar, oil cakes (material left after taking out oil from seeds) and minerals.

Q6. Where rearing and breeding of sheep is popular in India?

Ans. Rearing and breeding of sheep is popular in Jammu & Kashmir, Himachal Pradesh, Uttaranchal, Arunachal Pradesh and Sikkim, or the plains of Haryana, Punjab, Rajasthan and Gujarat.