Name	e: Date:
<u>Wate</u>	<u>er</u>
Q1. Ans.	Why rain clouds look grey in color?
Q2. Ans.	Where water in the taps comes from?
Q3. Ans.	Sea water is not fit for drinking. Why?
Q4.	Water from wet roads, rooftops and a few other places disappears after
Ans.	the rains. Where does this water go?
Q5.	Dia kept two similar plates with equal amount of water, one in sunlight and other in her room. From which plate does water disappear first? Give reason.
Ans.	
Q6.	What would happen if we do not have easy access to water for a long period of time?
Ans.	

<u>Water</u>

- Q1. Why rain clouds look grey in color?
- Ans. As more and more water droplets gathers, clouds gets thicker, denser and less transparent. Thus, rain clouds look grey in color.
- Q2. Where water in the taps comes from?
- Ans. Water that we get from taps is drawn from a lake or a river or a well. It is then supplied through a network of pipes.
- Q3. Sea water is not fit for drinking. Why?
- Ans. Sea water is not fit for drinking because it has many salts dissolved in it which is not good for human body.
- Q4. Water from wet roads, rooftops and a few other places disappears after the rains. Where does this water go?
- Ans. Evaporation takes place from all open surfaces after the rains and water vapors gets continuously added to air. Thus, water disappears.
- Q5. Dia kept two similar plates with equal amount of water, one in sunlight and other in her room. From which plate does water disappear first? Give reason.
- Ans. Water disappears first from the plate kept in sunlight because in sunlight, evaporation takes place faster.
- Q6. What would happen if we do not have easy access to water for a long period of time?
- Ans. If we do not have easy access to water for a long period of time then we would not able to cook, clean utensils, wash clothes or bathe.