

Name: _____ Date: _____

Life in the Deserts

Q1. Name the countries that touch the Sahara desert.

Ans. _____

Q2. Why oasis in the Sahara has settled population?

Ans. _____

Q3. Name some common birds of Ladakh.

Ans. _____

Q4. Why do people hunt Chiru or the Tibetan antelope?

Ans. _____

Q5. Where is Ladakh desert located?

Ans. _____

Life in the Deserts

Q1. Name the countries that touch the Sahara desert.

Ans. The Sahara desert touches eleven countries. These are Algeria, Chad, Egypt, Libya, Mali, Mauritania, Morocco, Niger, Sudan, Tunisia and Western Sahara.

Q2. Why oasis in the Sahara has settled population?

Ans. Oasis in the Sahara has settled population because these areas are fertile and people may settle around these water bodies and grow date palms and other crops.

Q3. Name some common birds of Ladakh.

Ans. Several species of birds are sighted in Ladakh. Robins, redstarts, Tibetan snowcock, raven and hoopoe are common. Some of these are migratory birds.

Q4. Why do people hunt Chiru or the Tibetan antelope?

Ans. The Chiru or the Tibetan antelope is an endangered species. It is hunted for its wool known as shahtoosh, which is light in weight and extremely warm.

Q5. Where is Ladakh desert located?

Ans. Ladakh is a cold desert lying in the Great Himalayas, on the eastern side of Jammu and Kashmir. The Karakoram Range in the north and the Zaskar mountains in the south enclose it.