

Name: _____ Date: _____

The Mughal Empire

Q1. What was the role of the zamindar in Mughal administration?

Ans. _____

Q2. Explain the term Dogma and Bigot.

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Q3. Aurangzeb insulted Shivaji when he came to accept Mughal authority. What was the consequence of this insult?

Ans. _____

Q4. Why was it a difficult task for rulers of Middle Ages to rule the Indian subcontinent?

Ans. _____

Q5. What helped the Mughals to extend their influence over many kings and chieftains?

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The Mughal Empire

Q1. What was the role of the zamindar in Mughal administration?

Ans. Zamindar in Mughal administration collected tax from peasants. They acted as intermediaries between peasants and the ruler. In some areas the zamindars exercised a great deal of power.

Q2. Explain the term Dogma and Bigot.

Ans. Dogma - A statement or an interpretation declared as authoritative with the expectation that it would be followed without question.

Bigot - An individual who is intolerant of another person's religious beliefs or culture.

Q3. Aurangzeb insulted Shivaji when he came to accept Mughal authority. What was the consequence of this insult?

Ans. As a result of this, Shivaji escaped from Agra, declared himself an independent king and resumed his campaigns against the Mughals.

Q4. Why was it a difficult task for rulers of Middle Ages to rule the Indian subcontinent?

Ans. Ruling as large a territory as the Indian subcontinent with such a diversity of people and cultures was an extremely difficult task for any ruler to accomplish in the Middle Ages.

Q5. What helped the Mughals to extend their influence over many kings and chieftains?

Ans. The careful balance between defeating but not humiliating their opponents enabled the Mughals to extend their influence over many kings and chieftains.