

Name: _____ Date: _____

New Kings and Kingdoms

Q1. State True (T) or false (F).

- i. Prashastis were composed by learned Brahmanas. _____
- ii. Initially Cholas were subordinate to the Chalukyas of Karnataka. _____
- iii. Revenue was also collected from traders. _____
- iv. Prashastis contain details that may not be literally true. _____
- v. One prashasti found in Gwalior, Madhya Pradesh, describes the exploits of Nagabhata, a Pratihara king. _____
- vi. Rashtrakuta dynasty ruled the Kashmir and neighbouring areas of India. _____
- vii. Earlier the Chauhans were also known as Chahamanas. _____

Q2. Fill in the blanks.

- i. As samantas gained _____ and _____, they declared themselves to be _____.
- ii. The best-known Chahamana ruler was Prithviraja III, who defeated an Afghan ruler named _____ in 1191.
- iii. Many of these new kings adopted high-sounding titles such as _____ and _____.
- iv. _____ were composed by learned Brahmanas.
- v. Tang dynasty remained in power between the _____ and _____ century.
- vi. The evidence of the land grants were found to be recorded on _____ plate

Q3. Who wrote Kitab-al-Hind?

Ans. _____

Q4. What were known as ur?

Ans. _____

New Kings and Kingdoms

Q1. State True (T) or false (F).

- i. Prashastis were composed by learned Brahmanas. True
- ii. Initially Cholas were subordinate to the Chalukyas of Karnataka. False
- iii. Revenue was also collected from traders. True
- iv. Prashastis contain details that may not be literally true. True
- v. One prashasti found in Gwalior, Madhya Pradesh, describes the exploits of Nagabhata, a Pratihara king. True
- vi. Rashtrakuta dynasty ruled the Kashmir and neighbouring areas of India. False
- vii. Earlier the Chauhans were also known as Chahamanas. True

Q2. Fill in the blanks.

- i. As samantas gained power and wealth, they declared themselves to be maha-samanta, mahamandaleshvara.
- ii. The best-known Chahamana ruler was Prithviraja III, who defeated an Afghan ruler named Sultan Muhammad Ghori in 1191.
- iii. Many of these new kings adopted high-sounding titles such as maharaja-adhiraja and tribhuvana-chakravartin.
- iv. Prashastis were composed by learned Brahmanas.
- v. Tang dynasty remained in power between the seventh and tenth century.
- vi. The evidence of the land grants were found to be recorded on copper plate

Q3. Who wrote Kitab-al-Hind?

Ans. Al-Biruni wrote Kitab-al-Hind.

Q4. What were known as ur?

Ans. Settlements of peasants were known as ur.