

Name: _____ Date: _____

Our Country - India

Q1. Why is Lakshadweep known as a coral island?

Ans. _____

Q2. India shares its land boundaries with seven countries. Name them.

Ans. _____

Q3. Write one point of difference between the western Coastal plains and the eastern Coastal plains.

Ans. _____

Q4. What is the north-south and east-west extent of India?

Ans. _____

Q5. What is the latitudinal and longitudinal extent of India?

Ans. _____

Our Country - India

Q1. Why is Lakshadweep known as a coral island?

Ans. Lakshadweep is known as a coral island because it is formed from skeletons of tiny marine animals called Polyps.

Q2. India shares its land boundaries with seven countries. Name them.

Ans. India shares its land boundaries with seven countries i.e. Pakistan, Nepal, China, Afghanistan, Bhutan, Bangladesh, Myanmar.

Q3. Write one point of difference between the western Coastal plains and the eastern Coastal plains.

Ans. The western coastal plains are very narrow whereas the eastern Coastal plains are much broader.

Q4. What is the north-south and east-west extent of India?

Ans. The north-south extent from Kashmir to Kanyakumari is about 3,200 km. And the east-west extent from Arunachal Pradesh to Kuchchh is about 2,900 km.

Q5. What is the latitudinal and longitudinal extent of India?

Ans. From south to north, main land of India extends between $8^{\circ}4'N$ and $37^{\circ}6'N$ latitudes. From west to east, India extends between $68^{\circ}7' E$ and $97^{\circ}25' E$ longitudes.