

Name: _____ Date: _____

New Empire and Kingdoms

Q1. What were the functions of assemblies in southern kingdom?

Ans. _____

Q2. What was Ur?

Ans. _____

Q3. Who was Fa Xian and what did he notice during his visit to India?

Ans. _____

Q4. Who was Banabhatta?

Ans. _____

Q5. Write about the kingdom of the Pallavas.

Ans. _____

Q6. What is a prashasti?

Ans. _____

Q7. Mention three authors who wrote about Harshavardhana.

Ans. _____

New Empire and Kingdoms

Q1. What were the functions of assemblies in southern kingdom?

Ans. These assemblies looked after irrigation, agricultural operations, making roads, local temples, etc.

Q2. What was Ur?

Ans. The ur was a village assembly found in areas where the land owners were not brahmins.

Q3. Who was Fa Xian and what did he notice during his visit to India?

Ans. Fa Xian was a Chinese pilgrim. He noticed the plight of those who were treated as untouchables by the high and mighty.

Q4. Who was Banabhatta?

Ans. Banabhatta was the court poet of King Harshvardhana. He wrote Harshcharita, a biography of Harshvardhana.

Q5. Write about the kingdom of the Pallavas.

Ans. The kingdom of the Pallavas spread from the region around their capital, Kanchipuram, to the Kaveri delta.

Q6. What is a prashasti?

Ans. Inscription of a special kind is known as a prashasti, a Sanskrit word, meaning 'in praise of'.

Q7. Mention three authors who wrote about Harshvardhana.

Ans. Ravikirti, Banabhatta and Xuan Zang were the three authors who wrote about Harshvardhana.